

ANZGITA CHILD SAFEGUARDING POLICY



ANZGITA

Australian & New Zealand Gastroenterology
International Training Association

1. PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The Australian and New Zealand International Training Association (ANZGITA) is committed to adhering in its activities to the Australian Government Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade's (DFAT) Child Protection Policy (January 2017).

It is very rare for an activity within the ANZGITA program to be classified as "working with children". In our Project Description for the Pacific Islands Program, which also applies to all our programs, Paediatric GI is specifically excluded and will only happen if a paediatric GI emergency arises during a program and we are asked to advise or take action.

However, trainers are involved in international programs and DFAT assesses that all such programs have a Moderate Risk of contact with children. ANZGITA has a zero-tolerance approach to child abuse and exploitation. This policy demonstrates a commitment to ensuring the protection of children who may on rare occasions be involved in ANZGITA programs and provides a framework for managing and reducing risks of child abuse and exploitation in the context of its work. The Child Protection Risk context in which ANZGITA works requires our Child Safeguarding Policy to apply the appropriate minimum child protection standards from the nine DFAT have identified.

This policy applies to all people who are engaged by ANZGITA to perform any part of a ANZGITA related activity, including:

- directors;
- members;
- volunteers; and

ANZGITA associates:

- partners (where we have authority to do so);
- services providers; and
- sub-contractors.

2. KEYWORDS

Child Safeguarding, Volunteers, RACS, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT), Risk Management, Safety

3. DEFINITIONS AND LEGISLATION

A list of definitions and legislation relevant to ANZGITA Child Safeguarding Policy are outlined in **Appendix 5** and the **Glossary** of this document.

4. BODY OF POLICY

It is Australian NGO industry best practice to have a Child Safeguarding Policy in place. This is in keeping with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child (1989) and the guiding principle of sharing responsibility for child protection. If we receive Australian Government funding via the PIP program administered by ANZGITA, we will adhere to the RACS Global Health policy for Child Protection.

5. GOVERNANCE

The ANZGITA Board is accountable for fulfilment of duties and responsibilities as outlined in this Policy, and overall risk management of Programs. The responsible directors are the Programs Coordinator and the Board Secretary.

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6. POLICY PRINCIPLES

This policy outlines ANZGITA's commitment to maintaining child protection standards and procedures for Program activities and includes the following principles:

6.1. Zero tolerance of child exploitation and abuse

ANZGITA has a zero-tolerance approach to child exploitation and abuse. Such action attracts criminal, civil and disciplinary sanctions. ANZGITA works to minimise the risks of child exploitation and abuse associated with delivering Program activities. It advises its volunteers and others working on its programs and projects of their child safeguarding obligations and, where necessary, trains them on their obligations. ANZGITA will not knowingly engage, directly or indirectly, anyone who poses an unacceptable risk to children.

6.2. Assess and manage child protection risk and impact

While it is not possible to eliminate all risks of child exploitation and abuse, careful management can identify, mitigate, manage or reduce the risks to children that may be associated with the Program's activities.

6.3. Sharing responsibility for child safeguarding

To effectively manage risks to children, ANZGITA requires the commitment, support and cooperation of all personnel and associates who help to deliver programs administered by ANZGITA. They must comply with this policy in addition to all applicable laws of the jurisdiction in which the Program is taking place, and will be held accountable through written commitments.

6.4. Procedural fairness

In making decisions that may affect a person's rights or interests, ANZGITA abides by the principles of natural justice and procedural fairness in accordance with its Natural Justice – Information for Decision Makers Policy. Our partners are also expected to adhere to these principles when responding to concerns or allegations of child exploitation and abuse.

6.5. Recognition of the best interest of the child

Australia is a signatory to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, and ANZGITA is committed to upholding those rights under the convention. In all actions concerning children, the best interests of the child shall be a primary consideration.

7. POLICY AWARENESS AND DISTRIBUTION

All ANZGITA trainers and associates who are engaged to perform any part of a ANZGITA training program will receive a copy of the Child Safeguarding Policy and associated procedures and are required to sign ANZGITA's Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct.

8. TRAINING

As paediatric GI is specifically excluded from ANZGITA programs, no training will be undertaken.

9. RISK ASSESSMENT

As required by DFAT guidelines, all programs and projects are required to complete a child safeguarding risk assessment, assessing all potential child safeguarding risks within the program/project before commencement of any activities. The risk assessment includes actions and recommendations that are to be put in place to minimise or remove any risks to children and these (and any emerging risks) are actively monitored throughout the activity/program cycle. The risk assessment is completed by the relevant Program Leader and reviewed by the Programs Coordinator.

Program Leaders are trained in child safeguarding and risk assessment. They are expected to be aware of potential risks to a child when on the rare occasion one will be involved with a program team and to.

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10. GUIDELINES ON VISUAL IMAGES AND PERSONAL INFORMATION OF CHILDREN

ANZGITA is committed to keeping children safe when collecting and using their images and personal information. Taking and Using Visual Images of Children is not to be done on ANZGITA programs.

11. RECRUITING AND SCREENING INDIVIDUALS

ANZGITA is committed to using robust child safe recruitment, selection and screening practices with the aim of recruiting the safest and most suitable people to work in our programs.

ANZGITA will not knowingly engage, directly or indirectly, anyone who poses an unacceptable risk to children.

ANZGITA volunteer agreements contain provisions for suspension of any volunteer who is under investigation and provisions to dismiss volunteer after an investigation. The following child safe recruitment and screening procedures are used:

11.1. Police Checks

A criminal record check must be obtained for any individual engaging in ANZGITA activities.

A criminal record check must be obtained from an individual's:

- Country of citizenship; and
- Country of residence; and
- Any country an individual has lived for a period of 12 months or more in the last five years.

In Australia, an Australian Federal Police (AFP) National Police Check (NPC) clearance certificate must be obtained. In New Zealand, a Criminal Record check from the Ministry of Justice must be obtained.

A police check is considered valid for screening purposes for three years from the date of issue. Validity of the police check must extend to the commencement date of the Program.

All information relating to criminal record checks must be handled in accordance with the ANZGITA Privacy Policy.

ANZGITA will cover costs of criminal record checks for funded volunteers. Unless prior approval is given by the Manager, self-funded volunteers will be liable for covering the cost of their criminal record checks.

ANZGITA will review checks when personnel have a change in circumstances.

11.2. Reference Checks

Character reference checks that include child safeguarding questions are mandatory for all personnel engaging in ANZGITA activities.

Where an individual is engaged to participate in an ANZGITA program, 2 verbal referee checks (other than family members) must be conducted.

11.3 Interviews

ANZGITA does not employ staff. It does not conduct interviews of prospective trainers and members but conducts reference checks.

All individuals (paid or unpaid) who will be working with ANZGITA, will be requested to disclose whether they have been charged with child exploitation offences.

11.4 Code of Conduct

ANZGITA has developed a Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct to provide clear guidance to trainers about ways to minimise risk to children and make clear the standards of behaviour and practice required of them at all times if they are in contact with children. These behaviours are not intended to interfere with normal family interactions. (See **Appendix 1**)

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Prior to a program or project, all individuals to be involved must sign the ANZGITA Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct.

A signed Code of Conduct is valid for three years and outlines regulations for acceptable and unacceptable behaviour in relation to children, including use of images for photographing or filming children when in country.

Signed copies of the Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct will be kept by ANZGITA in a personnel file.

12. REPORTING CHILD SAFEGUARDING CONCERNS

It is mandatory for all those under the scope of this policy to report to ANZGITA any witnessed, suspected or alleged incidents of child abuse, exploitation or any Child Safeguarding Policy or Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct non-compliance by ANZGITA trainers or associates.

Reports can be raised by anyone, including but not limited to program beneficiaries, including children, parents, guardians, carers, partners, ANZGITA trainers or associates, members of the public, etc.

All complaints regarding child safeguarding issues will be treated seriously, confidentially and immediately with due regards for the rights of the child, the notifier and the accused person/s.

12.1. What should be reported?

Any disclosure or allegation regarding the safety/abuse/exploitation of a child or a breach of the Child Safeguarding Policy or Code of Conduct.

Any observation of concerning behaviour exhibited by ANZGITA personnel or associate that breaches the Child Safeguarding Policy and / or Code of Conduct.

12.2. When to report?

Reports must be made immediately, or as soon as practically possible.

12.3 How should it be reported?

Verbally and then by completing the ANZGITA Child Safeguarding Incident Form (See **Appendix 3**).

12.4 Who to report to

All reports should be made to:

- 1) Program Leader or designated Team Leader; or
- 2) Programs Coordinator (who is also a Board Director)

If in-country and involving a ANZGITA trainer or associate, a report should also be made to the local partner liaison or using local partner reporting mechanism.

Concerns external to ANZGITA programs, not involving those under the scope of this policy are to be considered outside scope of this policy and should be reported via local organisation procedures or to local authorities as appropriate.

A reporting framework and ANZGITA child safeguarding reporting contact details are provided in this policy (See **Appendix 2**).

12.5 Managing child safeguarding concerns

The Programs Coordinator will discuss the allegations with the ANZGITA Chair and then decide upon the next step. This may involve one or more of the following steps:

- Suspending volunteers or personnel whilst an internal investigation takes place
- Interviewing the person/persons who made the allegations and/or other witnesses to gather more information with which to decide about the allegation;
- Reporting to local police, Australian Federal Police and /or child protection authority when it is suspected or becomes clear that a crime has been committed;
- Referring the child to local support services if necessary;

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- Handling the concern as a disciplinary matter internally if it is not a criminal offence;
- Providing support to all stakeholders (including reporter) as necessary
- Lodging a complaint under the ANZGITA Complaints Process. Confidentiality is a key principle of reporting and managing child protection concerns. All information regarding a child protection concern must only be reported to the designated focal points listed above.

Subject to considerations regarding the safety of a child, and ANZGITA's reporting obligations pursuant to the laws of the relevant jurisdiction and relevant Australian laws, to the greatest extent possible, the names of people involved, and specific details of any child protection incident will be treated confidentially.

All reports will be handled professionally, confidentially and expediently and each report will be investigated on a case-by-case basis. Responses will reflect the nature of the allegation.

All discussions and concerns will be documented through an Incident Report Form (See **Appendix 3**)

All reports made in good faith will be viewed as being made in the best interests of the child regardless of the outcomes of any investigation.

ANZGITA will ensure the interests of anyone reporting child abuse/ exploitation in good faith are protected.

Disciplinary action will be taken against any trainer or associate found to:

- Have failed to report a child protection concern
- Have intentionally made a false allegation

12.6 Sanctions

Where the Child Safeguarding Policy or the Code of Conduct has been breached ANZGITA may remove or suspend an individual immediately from a Program activity while the case is being assessed, or where a child's safety is potentially at risk.

During any formal investigation period, the investigated person will be suspended from participation in Program activities. This action is to be taken as a matter of precaution and does not form or evidence a judgement of guilt.

ANZGITA recognises an individual's right to a just process and does not presume guilt or innocence. Any volunteers who are stood down will receive reasonable reimbursement of costs in the natural course.

ANZGITA may consider the following sanctions if the Child Safeguarding Policy and/or the Code of Conduct have been breached by volunteers:

- (a) Suspension
- (b) Exclusion from all future involvement in ANZGITA activities

Where a Program team member, who is an overseas resident or citizen (such as a local medical professional in a partner country), is the subject of an allegation the following will be applied:

- (a) Suspension from the ANZGITA program team whilst under investigation
- (b) Removal from the ANZGITA program team and all ANZGITA associated work if found to have breached the Child Safeguarding Policy and/or the Code of Conduct

Anyone who, after due investigation by the relevant authorities, are found to have put children at risk, or abused children, will not be permitted any further involvement in ANZGITA.

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13. DOCUMENT MANAGEMENT

All confidential documents and sensitive information will be handled in accordance with the ANZGITA's Privacy Policy. Confidential and sensitive information in the context of child safeguarding documentation includes all information relating to police checks, verbal referee checks, consent forms and any information in relation to a child safeguarding incident.

14. POLICY REVIEW

This policy will be reviewed every three years, or earlier if needed.

15. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

This policy draws considerably on the equivalent RACS Global Health Policy and ANZGITA acknowledges that assistance.

16. ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS

[DFAT Child Protection Policy \(January 2017\);](#)

[New Zealand Vulnerable Children Act 2014;](#)

[United Nations - Convention on the Rights of the Child \(1989\)](#)

[Australian Council for International Development – Code of Conduct \(June 2017, revised January 2019\);](#)

ANZGITA Privacy Policy

[Natural Justice – Information for Decision Makers Policy;](#)

Approver Programs Coordinator

Authoriser Board

APPENDIX 1: ANZGITA Child Safeguarding Policy CODE OF CONDUCT

All personnel and associates engaged by the Australian and New Zealand Gastroenterology International Training Association (ANZGITA) are required to sign this code of conduct prior to engagement in ANZGITA projects, programs or activities, and to adhere to this code of conduct while performing their duties. The information contained in this document is based on the RACS Global Health Child Safeguarding Policy, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade's (DFAT) [Child Protection Policy](#) (January 2017) and the Australian Council for International Development's (ACFID) [Code of Conduct](#) (June 2017, revised January 2019).

This Child Safeguarding Code of Conduct aims to keep children safe from abuse and exploitation and serves to protect those working with ANZGITA from misunderstandings by providing clear behavioural guidelines and expectations that assist in establishing and maintaining clear professional boundaries when working with or having contact with children.

I, _____(insert name), acknowledge that I have read and understood ANZGITA's [Child Safeguarding Policy](#), and agree that in the course of performing my duties in connection with my involvement in ANZGITA projects, programs and activities, and my association with ANZGITA, I must:

- Treat children with respect regardless of race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national, ethnic or social origin, property, disability or other status;
- Not use language or behaviour towards children that is inappropriate, harassing, abusive, sexually provocative, demeaning or culturally inappropriate;
- Not engage persons under the age of 18 in any form of sexual intercourse or sexual activity (as defined under the [Criminal Code Act 1995](#)), including paying for sexual services or acts;
- Wherever possible, ensure that another adult is present when working in the proximity of children;
- Not invite unaccompanied children into my private residence, hotel or a remote or isolated location unless they are at immediate risk of injury or in physical danger;
- Not sleep close to unsupervised children unless necessary, in which case the supervisor's permission must be obtained, and ensuring that another adult is present if possible (noting that this does not apply to an individual's own children);
- Not use any technology (including but not limited to computers, mobile phones, video cameras, cameras or social media) to exploit or harass children or access child exploitation material through any medium;
- Not subject children to physical punishment of any kind under any circumstances;
- Not hire or otherwise engage children for domestic or other labour which is inappropriate given their age or developmental stage, or which interferes with their time available for education and recreational activities, or which places them at significant risk of injury;
- Not give or provide children with alcohol or illegal drugs;
- Not show favouritism through the provision of gifts or inappropriate attention;
- Inform myself of and comply with my obligations under all relevant Australian and local legislation, including labour laws in relation to child labour;
- Immediately report concerns or allegations of child exploitation and abuse to the appropriate authority and ANZGITA in accordance with ANZGITA Child Safeguarding Reporting Process;
- Immediately disclose all charges, convictions and allegations against me in relation to child exploitation and abuse (including those under the traditional law), which occurred before, or occurs during, my association with ANZGITA and/or my participation in ANZGITA projects, programs or activities;
- Not seek to or contact any child outside ANZGITA program times, this is inclusive of direct contact or any contact via telephone or social media platforms.
- At all times be aware of behaviour and avoid actions or behaviours that could be perceived by others as child exploitation and abuse.

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If in an emergency situation (as paediatric GI is not part of ANZGITA programs), I work with a child, I will not photograph or film that child or allow such images to be taken by any others. If I need to use personal information for work-related purposes, I must do all things necessary to:

- Confirm that informed consent from the child and parent/guardian/caretaker of the child before using personal information. At a minimum, informed consent means explaining to the child and parent/guardian/caretaker of the child the implication, purpose and potential uses of the personal information;
- Ensure to obtain ANZGITA consent before storing, transferring or using any personal information for medical research, education or any other purpose.

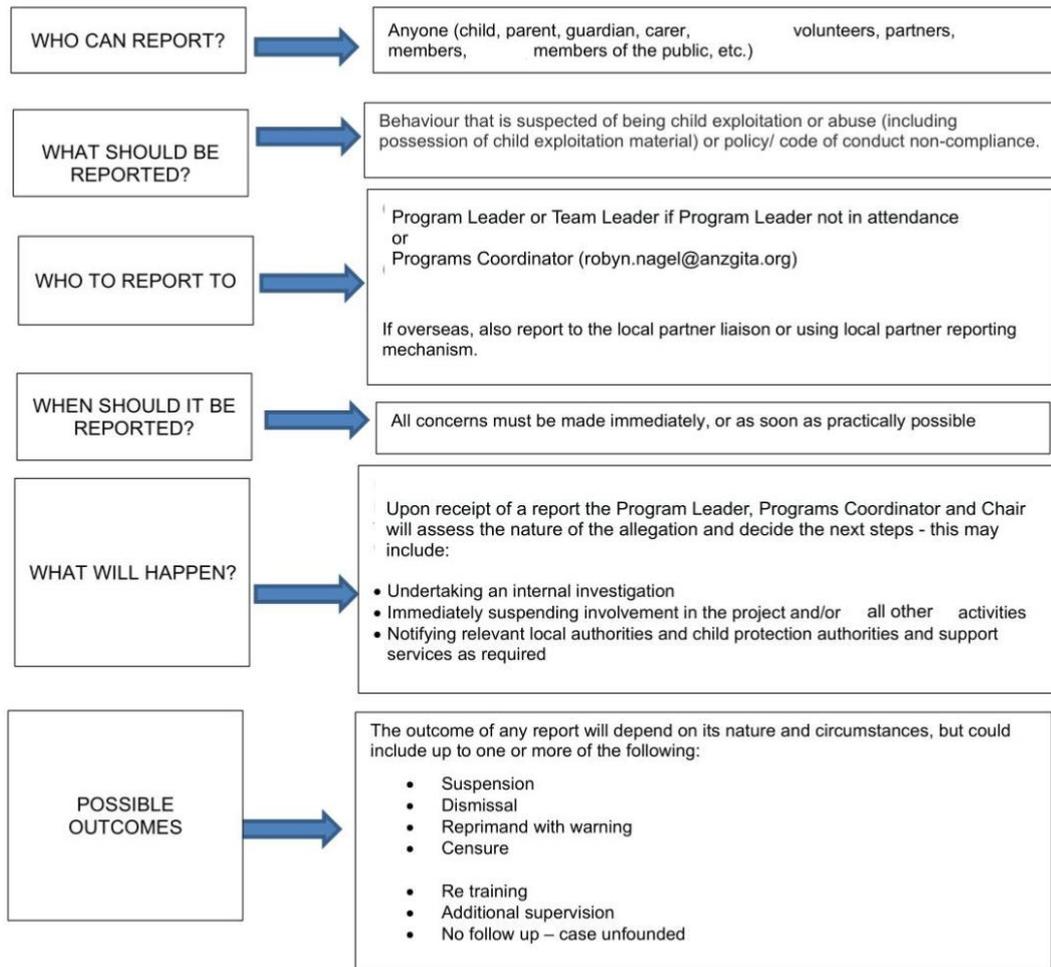
I understand that the onus is on me, as a person engaged by ANZGITA, or otherwise participating in ANZGITA's projects, programs or activities, to at all times abide by this code of conduct and all relevant Australian and local laws, and to avoid actions or behaviours which may be construed as child exploitation or abuse.

Signed

Date

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APPENDIX 2: Child Safeguarding Reporting and Response Process



APPENDIX 3: Child Safeguarding Incident Form - CONFIDENTIAL

Please complete this form to document and report any child safeguarding concerns, a breach or potential breach of the Child Safeguarding Policy/ Code of Conduct. All child protection concerns should be reported immediately. This report must be made in strict confidence.

IMPORTANT! It is your responsibility to report any allegations – NOT to investigate. You do not need to have proof of your concern or answers to all the questions in order to complete this form.

Program:

Names(s) of person reporting and contact details

Name:

Telephone:

Position:

Email:

Type of Allegation

Please circle most appropriate description of alleged incident:

Sexual Abuse\Sexual Misconduct

Physical Abuse

Psychological Abuse

Neglect

Breach of Policy/Code of Conduct

Other

Details of allegation - if known (Date\location\when report was received, witnesses etc):

Other relevant details: (For example implements used, vulnerability, or disability factors):

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Details of Person(s) against whom the allegation has been made (IF KNOWN)			
<u>Family Name:</u>			
<u>Given Name:</u>			
<u>Sex:</u>			
<u>Date of birth:</u>			
<u>Nationality:</u>			
<u>Contact details:</u>			
<u>Employer\Program:</u>			
(Please circle most appropriate descriptor. You can circle more than one)		<u>ANZGITA personnel</u>	<u>ANZGITA Associate</u>
		<u>Other</u>	
<u>Position:</u> (If applicable)			
Details of Victim(s) If known (IF KNOWN)			
<u>Family Name:</u>			
<u>Given Name:</u>			
<u>Sex:</u>			
<u>Date of birth:</u>			
<u>Nationality:</u>			
<u>Contact details:</u>			
<u>Age of child at time of alleged incident:</u>			
<u>Have any injuries been observed or reported?</u>			
Further Details			
<u>Is the victim still in danger of abuse or neglect?</u>			
<u>Are local police or other local authority aware of the incident/allegation?</u>			
<u>What other authorities have been informed?</u>			

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Any other pertinent information for initial assessment

Completed by: _____
Name Team Leader (if applicable) Signature
Name Program Leader Signature

_____ Date:

Signed off by: _____
Name Programs Coordinator Signature

_____ Date:

APPENDIX 4: References and Legislation Relevant to Child Protection

1. National References

<u>Reference</u>	<u>Contact</u>
DFAT's Child Protection Compliance Unit Australian Federal Police	Email: childwelfare@dfat.gov.au AFP Operations Coordination Centre (AOCC) For urgent AFP attendance or response Telephone: 131 AFP (131 237) Police attendance (all states) Telephone: 131 444 Website: https://www.afp.gov.au/contact-us
New Zealand Police	Police National Headquarters Phone: +64 4 474-9499 Fax: +64 4 498-7400 Website: http://www.police.govt.nz/contact/

2. Relevant Australian Legislation – Commonwealth Legislation

Criminal Code Act 1995

Legislation	Examples of offences	Maximum penalty
<i>Division 272 (child sex offences outside Australia)</i>	Engaging in sexual intercourse outside of Australia with a child under 16 years of age	20 years imprisonment
	Engaging in sexual activity outside of Australia with a child under 16 years of age	15 years imprisonment
	Engaging in sexual intercourse or sexual activity outside of Australia with a child under 16 years of age and the child has a mental impairment or is under the care, supervision or authority of the defendant	25 years imprisonment
	Engaging in sexual intercourse outside of Australia with a young person aged 16 or 17 years and the defendant is in a position of trust or authority	10 years imprisonment
	Engaging in sexual activity outside of Australia with a young person aged 16 or 17 years and the defendant is in a position of trust or authority	7 years imprisonment
	Grooming a child under 16 years of age to engage in sexual activity outside of Australia	12 years imprisonment
<i>Division 273 (offences involving child pornography material or child abuse material outside Australia)</i>	Possessing, controlling, producing, distributing or obtaining child pornography or child abuse material outside Australia	15 years imprisonment
<i>Division 474 (telecommunications offences, subdivision C)</i>	Accessing, soliciting or transmitting child pornography or child abuse material using a carriage service	15 years imprisonment
	Engaging in sexual activity with a child under 16 years of age using a carriage service	15 years imprisonment
	Online grooming of a child under 16 years of age	15 years imprisonment

The Crimes Act 1914 sets out the laws that govern the way legal proceedings under the *Criminal Code Act 1995* are conducted, including the conduct of investigations and the protection of children involved in proceedings for sexual offences (under Part 1AD).

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3. In- Country Legislation

Most countries in which ANZGITA works have legislation relating to child exploitation and abuse. When working in-country, ANZGITA trainers and volunteers undertaking activities funded by ANZGITA are required to abide by local legislation, including labour laws about child labour.

Link to each country's labour laws about child labour:
http://www.ilo.org/dyn/natlex/natlex4.byCountry?p_lang=en

4. International child protection instruments that Australia is a signatory to:

The United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child	www.unicef.org/crc
Optional Protocol to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography	www.unhcr.org/refworld/docid/50b353232.html
Optional Protocol to the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict	www.unhcr.org/refworld/docid/47dfb180.html
Geneva Declaration of the Rights of the Child	www.un-documents.net/gdrc1924.htm
International Labour Organization Convention 182 Concerning the Prohibition and Immediate Action for the Elimination of the Worst Forms of Child Labour	www.ilo.org/ilolex/english/convdisp1.htm

APPENDIX 5: Glossary

Abuse	<p>physical abuse—the use of physical force against a child that results in harm to the child. Physically abusive behaviour includes shoving, hitting, slapping, shaking, throwing, punching, kicking, biting, burning, strangling and poisoning</p> <p>neglect—the failure by a parent or caregiver to provide a child (where they are in a position to do so) with the conditions that are culturally accepted as being essential for their physical and emotional development and wellbeing</p> <p>emotional abuse—refers to a parent or caregiver’s inappropriate verbal or symbolic acts toward a child, or a pattern of failure over time to provide a child with adequate non-physical nurture and emotional availability. Such acts have a high probability of damaging a child’s self-esteem or social competence</p> <p>sexual abuse—the use of a child for sexual gratification by an adult or significantly older child or adolescent. Sexually abusive behaviours can include fondling genitals; masturbation; oral sex; vaginal or anal penetration by a penis, finger or any other object; fondling breasts; voyeurism; exhibitionism; and exposing the child to, or involving the child in, pornography¹</p> <p>ill-treatment—disciplining or correcting a child in an unreasonable and seriously inappropriate or improper manner; making excessive and/or degrading demands of a child; hostile use of force towards a child; and/or a pattern of hostile or unreasonable and seriously inappropriate degrading comments or behaviour towards a child</p> <p><i>Note: the above includes a child or children being present (hearing or seeing) while a parent or sibling is subjected to any of the above</i></p>
Behavioural-based interview questions	Interview questions that probe the applicant’s past behaviour in specific situations relevant to the position. Behavioural-based questions give interviewers additional information about the applicant’s suitability to work with children
Changes in circumstances	<p>Personnel should report the following changes in circumstances to management:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - involvement in criminal activity - disciplinary procedures and criminal or civil court proceedings relating to child exploitation and abuse
Child or children	In accordance with the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child, ‘child’ means every human being under the age of 18 unless under the law applicable to the child, majority is attained earlier. For the purposes of this policy, ANZGITA considers a child to be a person under the age of 18 years
Child abuse material	Material that depicts (expressly or implicitly) a child under 18 years of age as a victim of torture, cruelty or physical abuse
Child exploitation	<p>One or more of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - committing or coercing another person to commit an act or acts of abuse against a child

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - possessing, controlling, producing, distributing, obtaining or transmitting child exploitation material - committing or coercing another person to commit an act or acts of grooming or online grooming - using a minor for profit, labour, sexual gratification, or some other personal or financial advantage
Child exploitation material	Material, irrespective of its form, which is classified as child abuse material or child pornography material
Child pornography	In accordance with the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child, ‘child pornography’ means ‘any representation, by whatever means, of a child engaged in real or simulated explicit sexual activities or any representation of the sexual parts of a child for primarily sexual purposes.’ For further information about child pornography offences, refer to the <i>Criminal Code Act 1995</i>

¹ Fact Sheet No. 12 *What is child abuse and neglect?* National Children’s Clearinghouse, Australian Institute of Family Studies.

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Child pornography material	Material that depicts a person, or is a representation of a person, who is, or appears to be, under 18 years of age and is engaged in, or appears to be engaged in, a sexual pose or sexual activity, or is in the presence of a person who is engaged in, or appears to be engaged in, a sexual pose or activity, and does this in a way that a reasonable person would regard as being, in all the circumstances, offensive ²
Child safeguarding	An activity or initiative designed to protect children from any form of harm, particularly that arising from child exploitation and abuse. The broad obligation on personnel and associates to ensure that the design and delivery of ANZGITA programs and organisational operations do not expose children to adverse impacts, including the risk of abuse and exploitation, and that any concerns about children's safety within the communities where they work are appropriately reported
Child protection policy	A statement of intent that demonstrates a commitment to safeguard children from harm and makes clear to all what is required in relation to the protection of children. It helps to create a safe and positive environment for children and to show that the organisation is taking its duty and responsibility of care seriously
Contact with children	Working on an activity or in a position that involves or may involve contact with children, either under the position description or due to the nature of the work environment (also see <i>Working with children</i> definition)
Contractor	The individuals engaged to perform specific services under a contract and includes: (a) specified personnel nominated in a head agreement with an intermediary company (the contractor) to which payment is made; or (b) if the person performing the service is the service provider, he/she is an individual contractor
Criminal record check	A check of an individual's criminal history record. In Australia, national criminal record checks are available through state and territory police departments. They take around 20 working days. The type of employment should be specified as 'overseas employment'. Overseas, different checking procedures apply in each country and may take six weeks or longer.

	Individuals need to consent to a criminal record check and should be informed of the purpose for which the resulting police clearance certificate will be used, including sighting by DFAT
Harm	Any detrimental effect on a child's physical, psychological or emotional wellbeing. Harm may be caused by financial, physical or emotional abuse, neglect, and/or sexual abuse or exploitation whether intended or unintended
Individual contractor	See Contractor
Informed consent	Ensures the child and the parent or guardian understand the implications, purpose and potential uses of photographs or videos
Personnel	Personnel are either employed by an organisation, engaged by an organisation on a subcontract basis, or engaged by an organisation on a voluntary or unpaid basis. Personnel can include paid staff, volunteers, interns, trustees, board members
Police clearance certificate	The certificate showing the results of a criminal record check, which is issued by the police or other authority responsible for conducting such checks
Policy non-compliance	The failure to abide by ANZGITA's policy
Statutory Declaration	A written statement which you sign and declare to be true before an authorised witness
Working with children	Working with children means being engaged in an activity with a child where the contact would reasonably be expected as a normal part of the activity and the contact is not incidental to the activity. Working includes volunteering or other unpaid works

² This definition has been extracted from the *Criminal Code Act 1995*. See Part 10.6 of the criminal code for the full definition.